

3:30pm - 5:00pm

The status of science literacy in Canada

Panel Organizer: Maurice Bitran Ontario Science Centre

The status of Science Literacy in Canada

Canadian Science Policy Conference Ottawa, 7 Nov. 2018

Panelists

- Dr. **Mona Nemer**, Chief Science Advisor, Government of Canada.
- Dr. Molly Shoichet, University Professor and Canada Research Chair, University of Toronto.
- Dr. Eugenia Duodu, CEO Visions of Science Network.
- Dr. Maurice Bitran, CEO and Chief Science Officer, Ontario Science Centre.

Definitions

What is Science Literacy?

 "The ability to engage with science-related issues, and with the ideas of science" (OECD – PISA)

What does it include?

- Knowledge of scientific information
- Knowledge of the scientific method
- Attitudes towards science

Canadian Science Literacy Surveys

- The Council of Canadian Academies 2014
- Ontario Science Centre Surveys 2016, 2017 and 2018
- The Full 2018 survey is available in the Ontario Science Centre's web site (under about us, media room)
- https://www.ontariosciencecentre.ca/Uploads/AboutUs/documents/Ontario Science Centre-Science Literacy Report.pdf

OSC's 2018 Science Literacy Survey

The good news:

- 74% agree that we will need science and technology to solve the problems we face
- 83% want to know more about science and technology
- 84% agree that science and technology improve our lives
- 90% trust museums, science centres, and scientists to deliver accurate information

OSC's 2018 Science Literacy Survey

The bad news:

- 27% of Millennials believe that there is a link between vaccinations and autism
- 47% believe the science behind global warming is still unclear
- 54% believe society is turning away from science
- 73% believe "fake news" are affecting their knowledge of the world

OSC's 2018 Science Literacy Survey

- Anxiety about the future:
 - A majority of Canadians are concerned about the societal impact of new technologies:
 - 62% concerned about Artificial intelligence
 - 60% concerned about Self driving cars
 - 54% concerned about the internet of things

A "Community Science Capital" approach to increasing Science Literacy in Canada

- Emphasize science and technology in everyday life
- Emphasize the scientific method as a tool to understand nature, solve everyday problems, and critically analyze information
- Take a life-long approach to the relationship between the population and science and technology
- Recognize and support the role that each community actor (families, schools, universities, museums, science centres, science education networks, research institutes) plays in that relationship
- Coordinate strategies and efforts among community actors