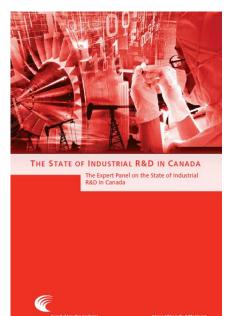
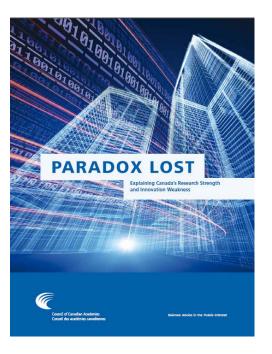
Canadian Innovation: Understanding the role of IR&D







Council of Canadian Academies Conseil des académies canadiennes



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CANADIAN INNOVATION: UNDERSTANDING THE ROLE OF IR&D



THE CANADIAN PARADOX

- Why has Canada's research excellence not translated into more business innovation?
- Why have Canadian businesses never shown much inclination to adopt innovation-focused business strategies?
- How has Canada's economy sustained relative prosperity despite weak innovation and correspondingly feeble productivity growth?

SUSTAINABLE PROSPERITY

Canadian business firms

The key agents of sustainable prosperity for Canada

Public policy matters

Historic Paradigm

Innovation Policy is part of Science Policy

New Paradigm

Innovation Policy and Science Policy are two different policy areas

Innovation (Oslo Manual of the OECD, 2005):

"the implementation of a new or significantly improved product (good or service), a new marketing method, or a new organizational method in business practices, workplace organization or external relations."

The firm is the central agent of innovation.

Supply-side elements of the firm-centric ecosystem:

- Providers of knowledge workers
- Providers of technical knowledge/services
- Providers of business knowledge/services
- Providers of financial knowledge/services

The elements of Innovation Policy:

- Policies that create market signals for firms
- Policies that affect the input costs of firms
- Policies that affect the innovation ecosystem of firms
- Science Policy

The Need for Strong Science Policy



Innovation Policy is Much More Than Science Policy